ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We gratefully acknowledge our many Sponors and Supporters:

On-Going Financial Support

Alberta Foundation for the Arts; Alberta Community Development; Alberta Lotteries; The City of Edmonton Community Investment Program; Edmonton Arts Council; Symphony Women's Educational Assistance Fund; The University of Alberta

Patrons

Diana Bacon; Delanghe Family Francis and Muriel Dunnigan; Pamela Farmer; Diane R. Gagnon; Jimmy and Song Gee; Mr. and Mrs. David Gervais Malcolm and Natalie King; Prof. Alexandra Munn; Paul Polushin

Donors

Clifford and Carol Anderson; Jean Bell; The Brine family The Gramophone; Maxine Klak; Dr. D.M. Leung; Frank McMillan and many individual donors

Edmonton Youth Orchestra Association Executive Committee

President: Gary Frank

Past President: Allan de Caen; Vice President: Lorraine Christiani Secretary: Jill Palamarek; Treasurer: Iveta Ondrusova Directors: Alan Ching; Cathy Koller; Lesley Spurrier; Jacqueline Tait Librarians: Colleen Hammermaster; Jill Palamarek Casino Chair: Lesley Spurrier

Music Director: Michael Massey General Manager: Eileen Lee

EDMONTON YOUTH ORCHESTRA ASSOCIATION Box 66041, Heritage P.O. Edmonton, AB T6H 6T4 Tel/Fax (780) 436-7932

> email: eyo@shaw.ca website: www.eyso.com

Charitable Organization Registration No. 052 0544 22 25



Michael Massey - Director

60th Anniversary Gala Concert

with

The Richard Eaton Singers
Dr. Leonard Ratzlaff - Director
Rob Curtis - Assistant Director



Sunday, February 24th, 2013 at 2:00 pm Francis Winspear Centre for Music Edmonton, Alberta

Programme

Intermediate Orchestra

Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage Ludwig van Beethoven (text by Goethe)

Noyes' Fludde - (Storm Scene & Final Scene) The Chester Miracle Play set to music **Benjamin Britten (adapted by Michael Massey)**

Soloists: Adam Robertson (Noye)

William Dimmer (The Voice of God)

The Robertson-Wesley Ringers Tammy-Jo Mortensen - organ

From the Edmonton School of Ballet:

Emma Kinch (The Raven) **Isabella Kinch** (The Dove)

INTERMISSION

Senior Orchestra

Symphony No.9 in D minor "Choral" Ludwig van Beethoven (text by Schiller)

- I. Allegro ma non troppo, un poco maestoso
- II. Molto vivace
- III. Adagio molto e cantabile Andante moderato
- IV. Finale on Schiller's "Ode to Joy" Presto - Allegro assai

Soloists: **Nola Shantz -** soprano

Maura Sharkev-Prvma - mezzo soprano

Anthony Flynn - tenor Jihwan Cho - bass-baritone

INTERMEDIATE ORCHESTRA

Violin I

Laci Szajko Benjamin Christiani* Luke Gerwing Scott Selland Amanda Andrishak Taehoon Lee

Sonya Shin Joshua Li Timothy Lee Jillie Hansen John Lee Christie Park Sophie Taylor Saorse Cipko Julia Zalkovic Alison Caulfield

Violin II

Hediyeh Khani-Hanjani Isabella Wachowicz* Sara Bacon Landy Wu Rachelle Dueck Sydney Schadan James Suh Madison Godfrey Jinee Chong Poplar Wang Daniel Park Sarah Mah Maya Koller Vicky Lin Jessica Mah Allen Chang

Viola

Riley Jonkman John Bacon*

Cello

Harp Vanessa Jarman

Kathrvn Palamarek* Justin Kim Joel Park Kaja Sangster Mary Frank Gordon Giang Lina Kim Sonja Tilroe

Victor Sekowski

Bass

Maddy Wemyss Sarah Zebak

Flute

Holly Muirhead* Sydney Selland* Lanie Lou Jin Wook Kim

Oboe

Kara Loewer* Haley Blomquist* Russell Necesito Zofia Stefanicki

Clarinet

Samuel He* Viktoria Wuest Yiwei Chen

Horn

Nathan Epp* Anders Grasdal* Bethany Godreau Nils Koch

Trumpet

Amna Shahzadi

*Principal

Edmonton Youth Orchestra Concerts and Events Spring 2013

May 5 2 pm Senior & Intermediate Orchestras:

Winspear Centre, featuring the winners of the 32nd Northern Alberta Concerto

Competition

Auditions for both Edmonton Youth May

Orchestras for 2013/2014 season

For information and audition appointments: email: eyo@shaw.ca www.eyso.com

tel: (780) 436-7932

SENIOR ORCHESTRA

Violin I Rafael Piesiur* Holly Christiani

Theodore Chow Jasmine Aziz Hannah Yu Yanzhao Yang Aemilia Moser

Mirielle Pauline

Katarina Ondrusova Jack Wang Samson Song Anni Yu Mitchell Chalifoux Thomas Mathieu Felicity Liu

Violin II

Ziyou Zou* Danny Jeon Amy Zhang Yudaam Han Eric Shapiro Louisa Lu Wenyu Zhang Emily Konrad Jennifer Lee Sarah Hong Jarrett Knauer Yuki Landry Alicja Warszynski

Viola

Jenna Koller* Nadia White Sydney Leard

Jongho Park Andrew Bates

Cello Joshua Ching*

Alex Lin Ruxiao Tian Stephanie Spurrier Rana Mandour

Adam Caulfield Nicholas Li Conrad Sobieraj Chloe Burns

Grace Hamm

Bass

Wesley Brenneis* Paul Cournoyer

Zachary Grant

Flute

Jessica Rogers* Lara Hvde* Crystal Kegler Alice Kwon Sarah Choi

Oboe

Noelle Byer* Julie Robertson Haley Jenkins Crumb Brenna Hardy

Clarinet

Andrea Tarnawsky* Jolene Wong Daniela Pagliuso Jacob Ridgway Claire Neilson

Bassoon

Emily Tam* Moira Blenkinsopp

Horn

Peter Clark* Estelle Frank Cole Van derVelden Taran Plamondon

Trumpet

Michael Kaiser* Chris Young Marlouie Saigue

Trombone

Kaleen Clark* Michael Dunsmore Michael Buckler

Tuba

Malcolm Kellett-Cooke

Percussion

Carson Schafer Amanda Chung Jacob Kryger

Harp

Samantha Spurrier*

Alumni Players

Rob Aldridge Bass Jeanette Comeau Viola Chris Klebek Bass Cherie Larson Viola Trov Majewski Bass Ian Woodward Cello

*Principal

Programme Notes by Leona Cousineau

Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage (Op. 112) Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)

Meerestille and Glückliche Fahrt are two separate poems by Goethe but have always been published back-to-back and appear to provide a continuous narrative. The title is often translated as "Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage", but that fails to convey the sense of the text. Meerestille is better translated as "Becalmed" and the Glückliche Fahrt is a happy or successful voyage only in the sense that the travelers finally reach port safely. In the days before steam power, being becalmed at sea was perhaps the worst fate which could befall a ship, and Beethoven does a masterful job not only of conveying the ominous, deadly calm of the ocean but also of suggesting an edge of barely suppressed hysteria. The music brightens as the wind freshens and the prospects of a safe return home suddenly become real, but there is still something a bit frantic about the repeated phrase "schon seh' ich das Land!" ("I can already see land!").

Nove's Fludde (Op.59) Benjamin Britten (1913-1976)

Noye's Fludde (Noah's Flood) is an opera whose text is based on an early 15th-century mystery play from the Chester Mystery Cycle. It is written to be performed in a church or a large hall - but not in a theatre (Britten's request) by a cast primarily of amateurs. The first performance was in 1958 in Orford Church, Suffolk, as part of the Aldeburgh Festival, with the English Opera Group and a local cast.

Like a Baroque concerto grosso, the orchestra calls for a small concertino ensemble of musicians consisting of string quintet, recorder, piano (four hands), organ, and timpani. The ripieno orchestra calls for strings, recorders, bugles, hand-bells, and percussion. The audience, which Britten refers to as the "congregation", is invited to join in by singing along in the three hymns inserted into the original text.

Noye's Fludde opens with the congregation singing as Noye enters. The spoken Voice of God tells Noye to build "a shippe". Noye agrees and calls on his family to help. His sons and their wives enter with tools and materials and an ark is built on stage.

God tells Noye to fill the ark with animals, and they enter in groups from all parts of the church, singing or squeaking "Kyerie eleison!" and then Noye orders his family to enter the ark. Rain begins (roughly tuned teacups called "slung mugs" are struck to give the sound of the first raindrops), building to a great storm. The storm is represented by a passacaglia in which each statement of the theme, a new aspect of the storm is represented. When it is calm, Nove sends out a raven saying, "If this fowl come not again, it is a sign sooth to say, that dry it is on hill or plain." This is a dancer, accompanied by a cello. He never returns. Nove, now knowing that the raven has discovered dry land, sends out a dove accompanied by a solo recorder, which brings back an olive branch.

Everyone leaves the Ark, singing "Alleluia" accompanied by bugle fanfares. To the sound of hand bells, God promises never to send another flood, with the rainbow as a sign. The cast files out singing, leaving Nove alone to receive God's blessing.

Robertson-Wesley Ringers Tammy-Jo Mortensen - Conductor

Michelle Sims Julie Sabo Lorna Davidchuk Jan Millson Karen Gabert Leonard Davidchuk

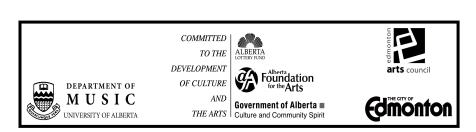
Symphony No. 9 in D minor (Op. 125) "Choral" Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)

Beethoven's belief in the humanity of art became particularly pronounced in his late music. His final years were a time of social isolation. No longer able to function as a performer, increasingly separated from his fellow men because of his deafness, no longer the center of Vienna's musical life, Beethoven compensated by making music that was vitally concerned with communication. But the impulse motivating the later years of Beethoven is a reaching out to humanity. Musicologist Joseph Kerman writes, "There is something very moving about the spectacle of this composer, having reached heights of subtlety in the pure manipulation of tonal materials, battering at the communications barrier with every weapon of his knowledge. The great exemplar of this drive is the Ninth Symphony." The need to communicate led him to the directness of words.

The Ninth Symphony, which starts from a veiled murmuring of strings, finishes as an operatic finale. From the vague to the concrete, from mystery to joy, from the abstract to the human, the Ninth cannot remain content with instrumental sound. Thus Beethoven introduced Schiller's "Ode to Joy," a text in which the poet (and hence the composer) predicts the brotherhood of all men. Although the text is naive and sentimental (Schiller's poem was, at least in part, a drinking song), the juxtaposition of this praise of joy with the tragedy, satire and sublimity of the first three movements is deeply meaningful. Beethoven seems to be saying that by believing in the joy of brotherhood, mankind can rise above the tensions of life and of living.

The sentiments of Schiller's lines may seem quaint to a world that has known Hitler and Osama Bin Laden, that has seen Auschwitz, Bosnia and Rwanda, but Beethoven's interpretation of those words remains a beacon of hope. This is because Beethoven uses Schiller's words as a solution to the universal problems of mankind hinted at in the first three movements. He does more than join Schiller in praising joy. Beethoven implies that in the belief in brotherhood and joy lies man's salvation. Beethoven has his chorus sing not of what is, but of what might be, not of mankind's condition, but of its potential. He utters this message of hope after giving full voice to other sides of human emotions, in the darkly tragic first movement, the obsessive scherzo, and the tranquil adagio.

Michael Umlauf conducted the first performance in Vienna on May 7th, 1824. Beethoven did supervise rehearsals, however, and angrily refused requests from singers that he alter the music to make it easier. Knowing he could not hear, they simply omitted the high notes. The conductor instructed the musicians to pay no attention to the composer, should he begin to beat time. Beethoven could not hear the performance, but he followed it in a copy of the score, imaging the sounds everyone else was hearing. At the end of the performance, he was still engrossed in his score, unable to hear the applause. One of the soloists touched his sleeve and turned him so he could see the clapping hands and waving handkerchiefs. Only then did he bow to the audience. Whether or not many in the audience could comprehend this utterly original music, no doubt played quite poorly, few could have failed to be moved by the sight of the greatest genius of music acknowledging applause, which he could not hear.



Soloists

Nola Shantz - soprano

Canadian soprano Nola Shantz thrives on the artistic expression of concert and recital performance. She has performed as soloist for works such as Mozart's Mass in C Minor, Handel's *Messiah* and Vic Nees' *Trumpet Te Deum*. In addition to breathing new life into the standard repertoire, Nola enjoys performing contemporary music and collaborating with living composers. Her opera credits include the North American premiere of Georges Aperghis' *Sextuor* as part of Montreal's Musimars festival and the world premiere of *Poema letkoho mista* by Jerry Semchyshyn, an opera depicting the Chernobyl tragedy.

Nola completed piano performance degrees at the University of Alberta (B.Mus.) and the University of British Columbia (M.Mus.). In 2011, Nola achieved her Master of Music degree in Vocal Performance at the McGill University Schulich School of Music with the support of the Winspear Fund and the Schulich School of Music. Currently residing in Edmonton, Nola is an active performer, music educator and adjudicator.

Maura Sharkey-Pryma - mezzo soprano

Calling Edmonton her home, Maura Sharkey-Pryma has enjoyed performing throughout Canada, as well as the international stage. An enthusiastic critic wrote of Sharkey's performance as, "an exuberant Canadian mezzo soprano... shows herself comfortable in all the registers, bursting precision and engraves resonance." Some of her operatic credits include the principle role of Carmen in *Carmen* (Calgary Concert Opera Company) and Mercedes in *Carmen* (Edmonton Opera Association and Manitoba Opera).

On the concert stage, Ms. Sharkey-Pryma has appeared with the Edmonton Symphony Orchestra, the Edmonton Chamber Orchestra, and collaborated with Juno Award winner Malcolm Forsyth and the University of Alberta Orchestra in Elgar's *The Music Makers*. Joined with performance, Maura teaches voice at the MacEwan Alberta College Conservatory of Music and shares her knowledge as a vocal adjudicator at various provincial music festivals. She also proudly serves as the vice-chair of the Alberta Music Education Foundation.

Anthony Flynn - tenor

Anthony Flynn has sung with Opera Companies throughout Canada in roles such as Don José in Carmen, Bacchus in Ariadne auf Naxos, the title role in Verdi's Ernani,, the Shepherd in King Roger by Szymanowski, Sam in Carlyle Floyd's Susannah, Samson in Samson et Dalila by Saint-Saëns, and Paul in Korngold's Die Tote Stadt. He has also sung the role of Canio in Leon-cavallo's I, Pagliacci for a European touring company as well as travelling to San Francisco to sing Don José as a participant in San Francisco Opera's Merola Opera Program. Additionally, Mr. Flynn has performed in such oratorio and symphonic works as Rossini's Stabat Mater, Samson by Handel, the Seven last Words of Christ by Theodore du Bois, Beethoven's 9th Symphony, the Messa di Gloria by Puccini, Mendelssohn's Elijah and Giuseppe Verdi's Requiem. Anthony currently lives in Vienna, Austria where he performs frequently in Lieder and orchestral works.

Jihwan Cho - bass baritone

Bass- baritone Jihwan Cho, born in Seoul, Korea, came to Canada in 2006. He completed a Master of Music degree in Voice Performance with Professor Brian McIntosh at the University of Alberta. He is currently pursuing a second Master degree in Opera Performance with Peter Barcza at the University of British Columbia. He has performed the role of Peter in Humperdink's opera Hänsel und Gretel in 2009 and played the role of Ariodate in the University of Alberta's production of Händel's Serse in 2010, in which he received praise from the journal Opera Canada for his stage presence and impression as "a prospect with a career".

Most recently he played the role of The Marquis de la Force in F. Poulenc's opera *Dialogues des Carmelités* with internationally-acclaimed artist, mezzo-soprano Judith Forst and conductor David Agler, in February, 2013.